## Editorial

## Journal of Environmental Exposure Assessment

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## Current research needs in environmental exposure assessment: a personal perspective

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The *Journal of Environmental Exposure Assessment (JEEA*) was launched just over 1 year ago in response to the need for a journal dedicated to the exposure assessment component of environmental risk assessment. Since its 1st issue, *JEEA* has published a series of papers that have addressed a wide range of issues related to human and wildlife exposure to an equally wide range of chemical contaminants. However, there, of course, remains much to be done if important issues in exposure science are to be resolved. While such issues are too numerous and detailed to be described fully in this editorial, I provide here my personal perspective on what I consider to be some of the most important research gaps in this field.

1. Our understanding of the extent of human dermal exposure to organic contaminants present in consumer articles, such as perfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in clothing, furniture fabrics, and cosmetics, remains poor. Studies to fill this knowledge gap are a priority, given the rapidly increasing recognition of the potential adverse health effects of some PFAS.

2. While many studies have demonstrated the presence of microplastics in the environment, the understanding of how and to what extent human exposure occurs is sketchy. We currently know little about what polymers constitute the microplastics we encounter and the consequent implications for health. Moreover, the extent to which microplastics act as a source or a sink for chemical contaminants and thus increase or reduce exposure to such contaminants remains unclear.



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3. More generally, but of fundamental importance, studies are needed to improve our understanding of the relationship between what we are exposed to via external media (external exposure) and what are present in the human body and associated excretions/secretions (internal exposure). These studies will need to address many aspects, such as the efficiency of contaminant uptake from external media (bioaccessibility and bioavailability), improving the accuracy of estimates of intake rates for inadvertent ingestion of chemical reservoirs like indoor dust and soil, and enhancing knowledge of the pathways and kinetics of contaminant metabolism. Moreover, there is a need for studies that compare estimates of internal exposure derived from measurements of urinary metabolites, and/or parent compounds in body tissues, with comprehensive external exposure estimates covering as many pathways as possible. To be most meaningful, these should be conducted in the same individuals at the same time-i.e., be spatially and temporally consistent.

For too long, exposure assessment has not received the attention it merits. As the *JEEA* Editorial Board and I stated in our 1st issue, "*evaluating the risk of chemical contaminants requires knowledge of BOTH exposure and hazard.*" In the first year of *JEEA*, I believe we have successfully fulfilled this requirement. I look forward to publishing more high-quality exposure science articles in the coming months and years.

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